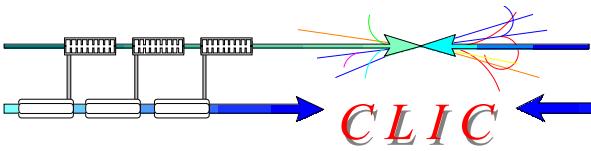
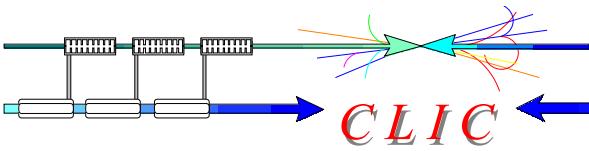


Beam Loss induced thermal deformation of  
the 30 GHz power extraction structure



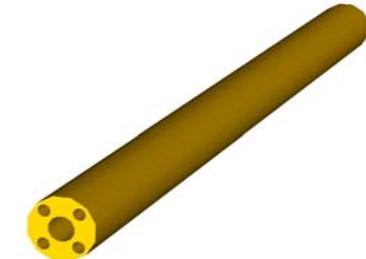
*Preliminary studies of*

Beam Loss induced thermal deformation of  
the 30 GHz power extraction structure

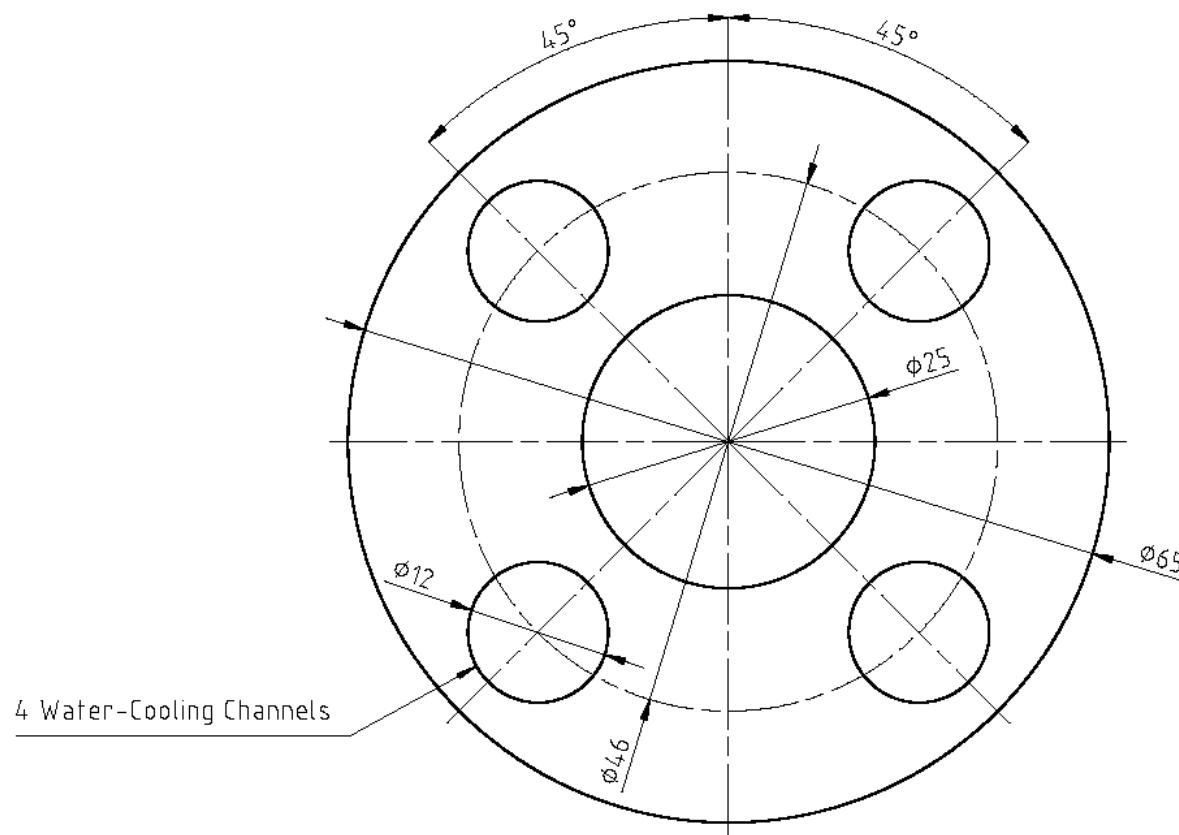


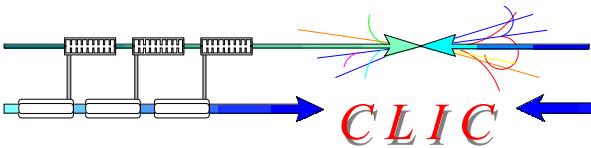
## Assumptions

- Average heat power from the beam losses: 10 kW
- 4 water-cooling channels, Ø12 mm
- Water temperature: 27 °C (300 °K), velocity: 200 cm/s
- Material: Cu-OFE
- Structure length: 1 m



Cross Section Dimensions

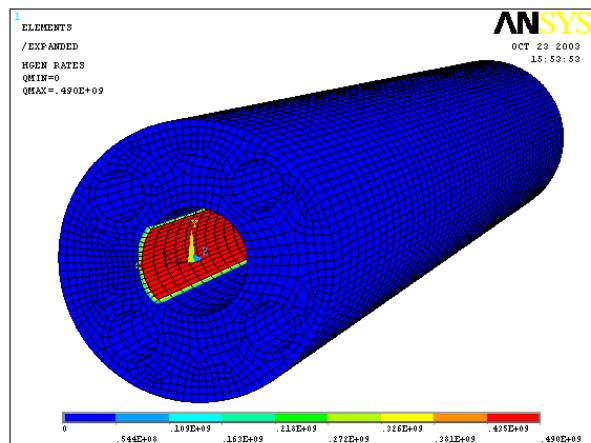




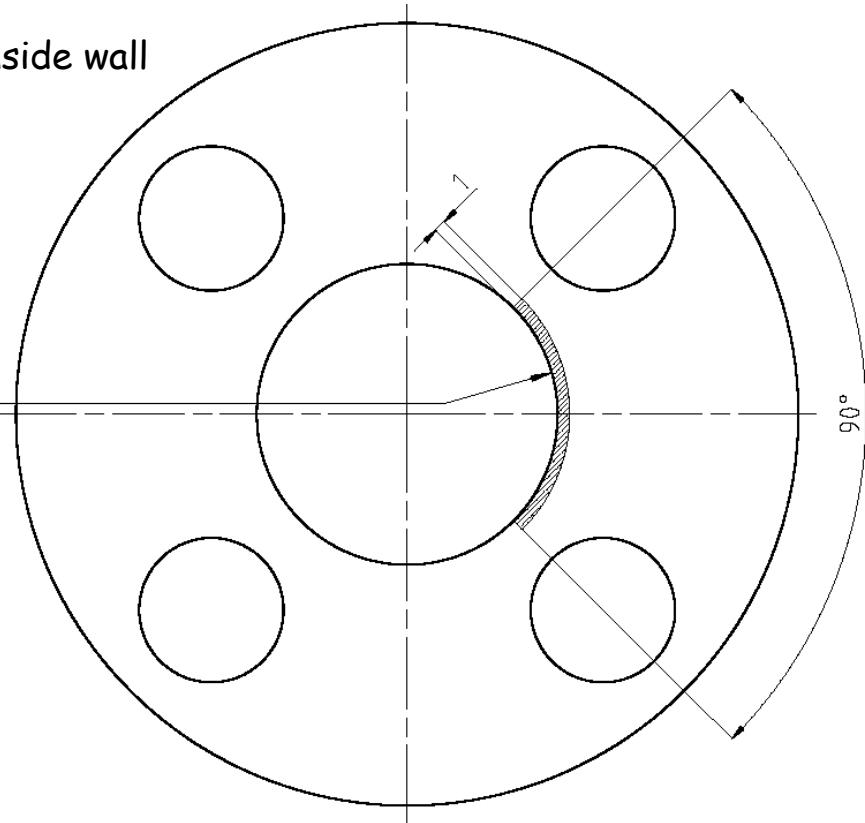
## Assumptions

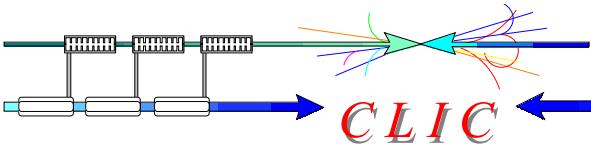


- Average heat power from the beam losses: 10 kW
- 4 water-cooling channels, Ø12 mm
- Water temperature: 27 °C (300 °K), velocity: 200 cm/s
- Material: Cu-OFE
- Structure length: 1 m
- Heat power induced in 1 mm deep quarter of the inside wall

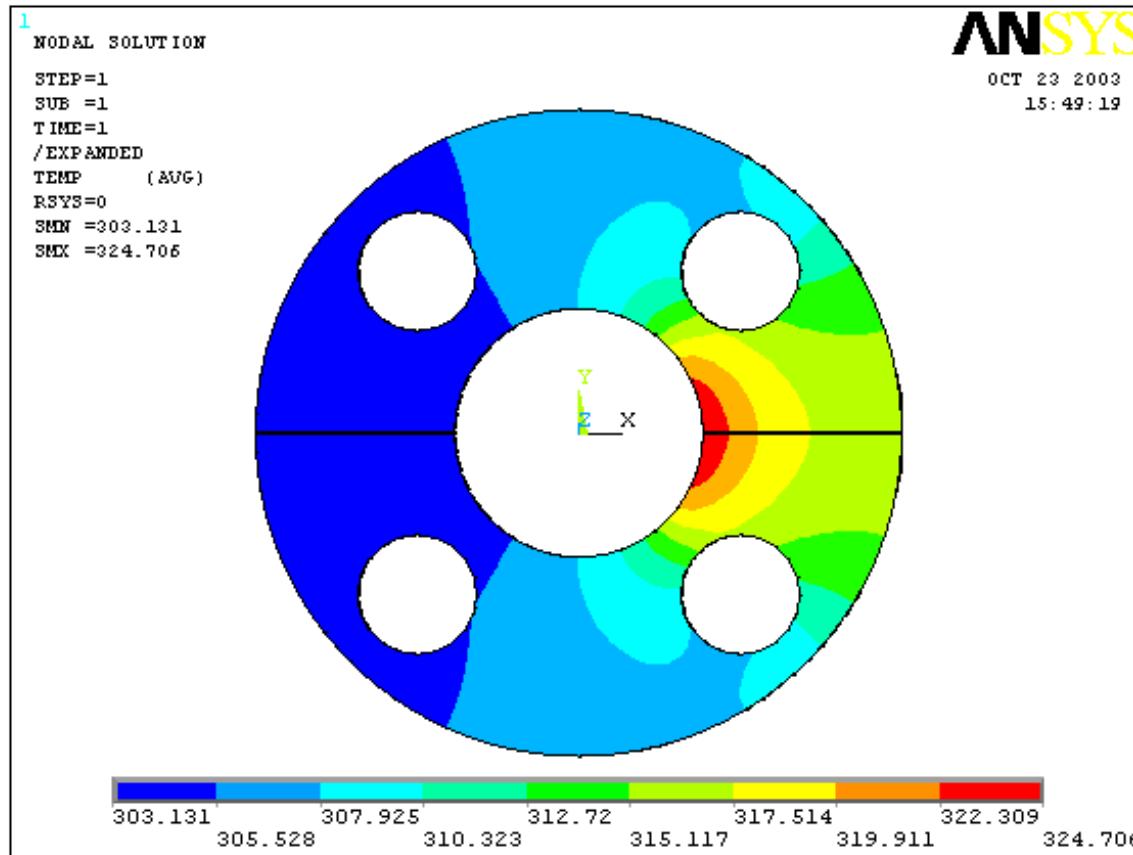


Beam losses induced  
in this volume



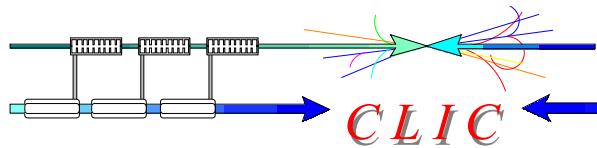


Average Heating

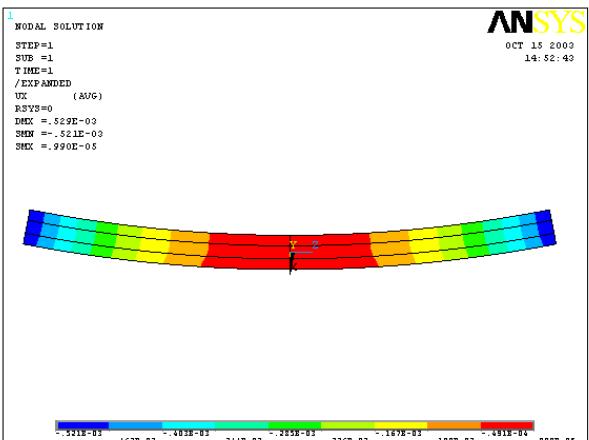
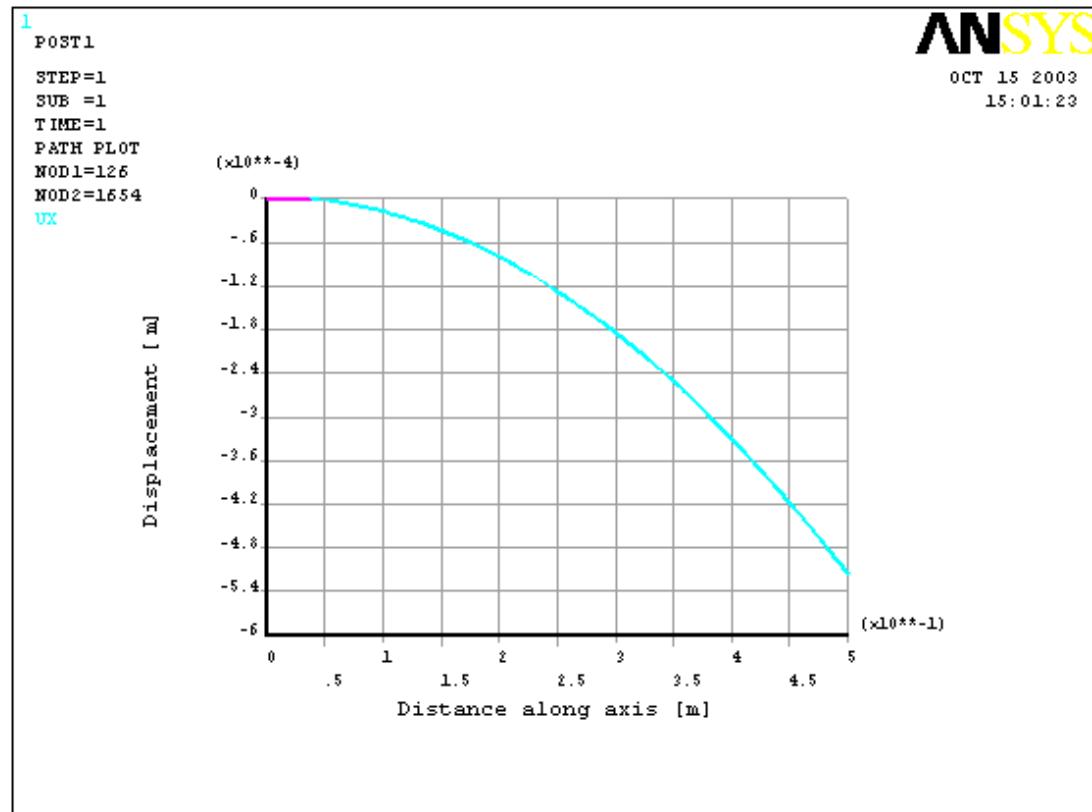
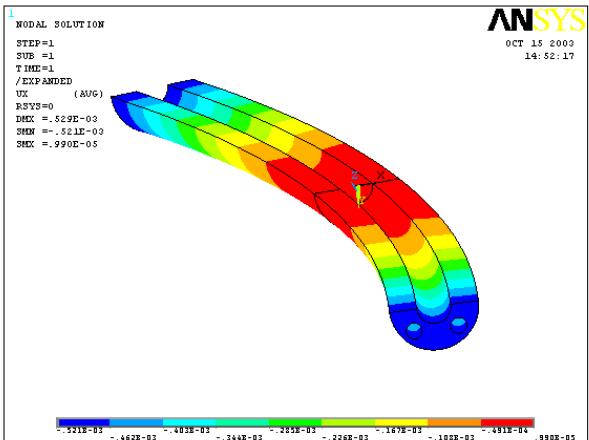


Temperature profile [°K]

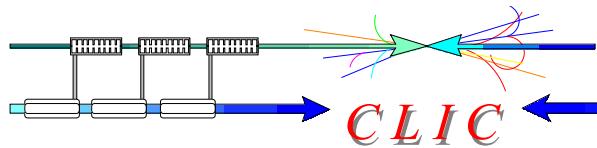
$$\Delta T = 21.5 \text{ °C}$$



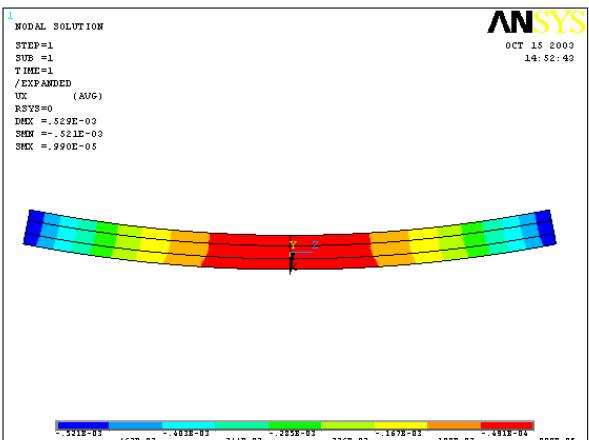
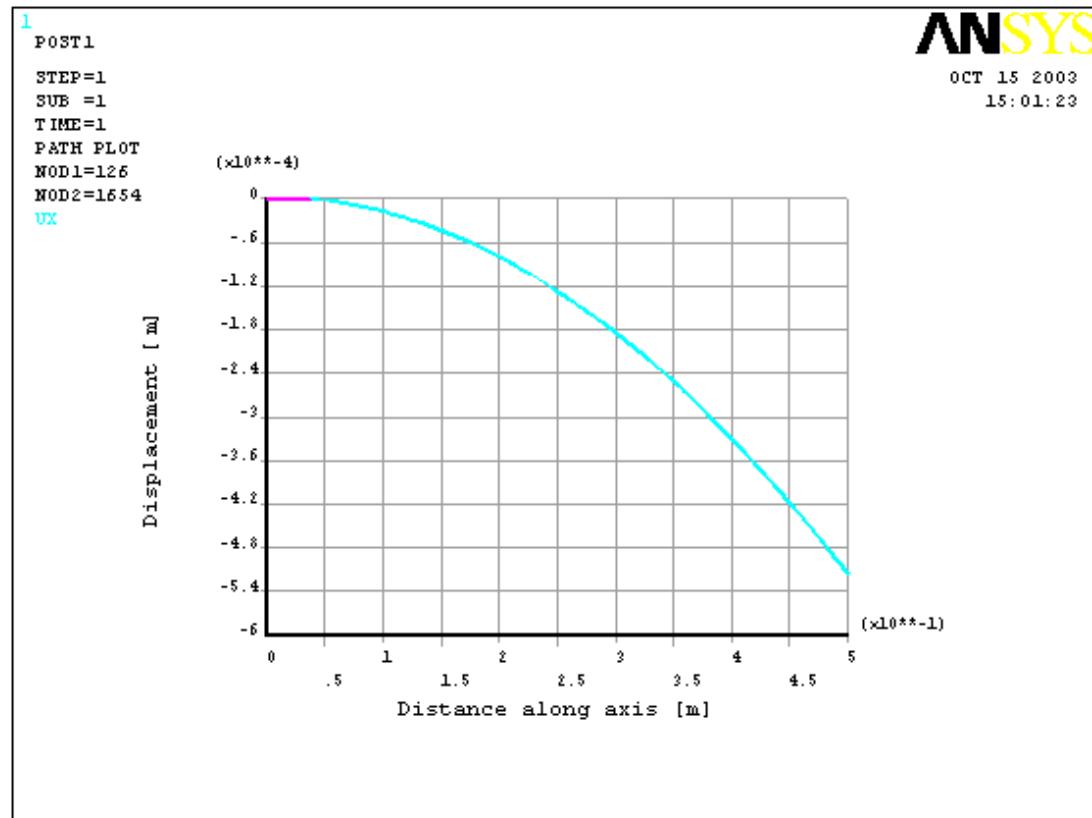
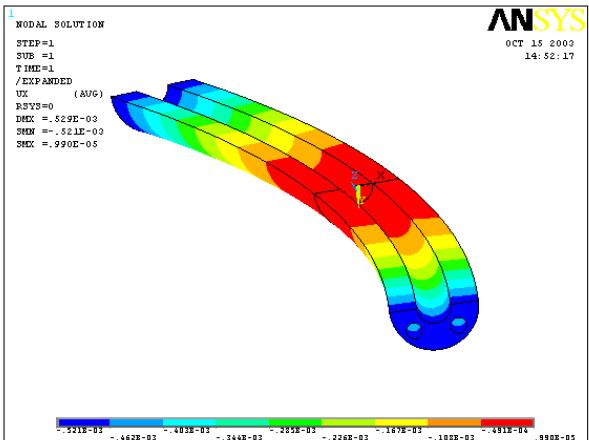
# Free bending of the structure



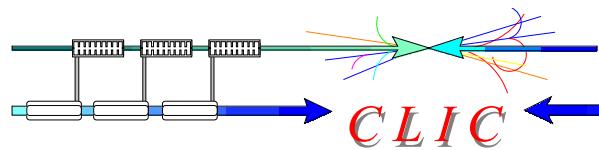
Maximum displacement 0.5 mm



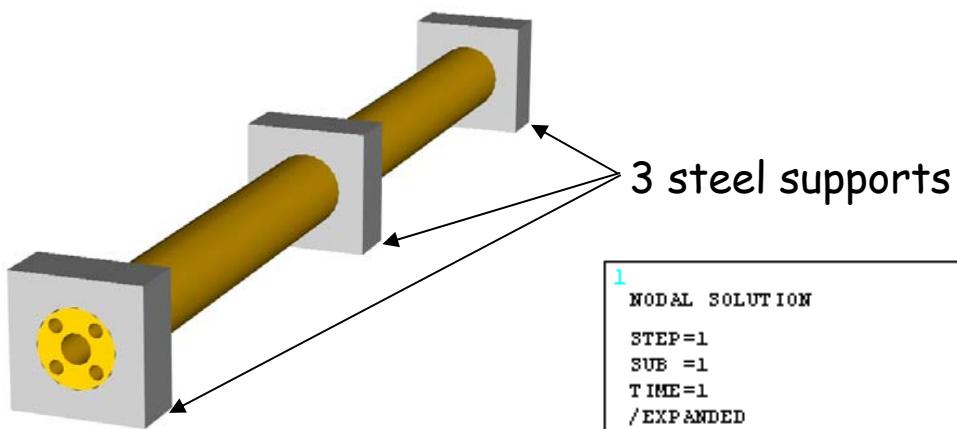
## Free bending of the structure



Maximum displacement 0.5 mm  
Needed straightening force = 6 kN

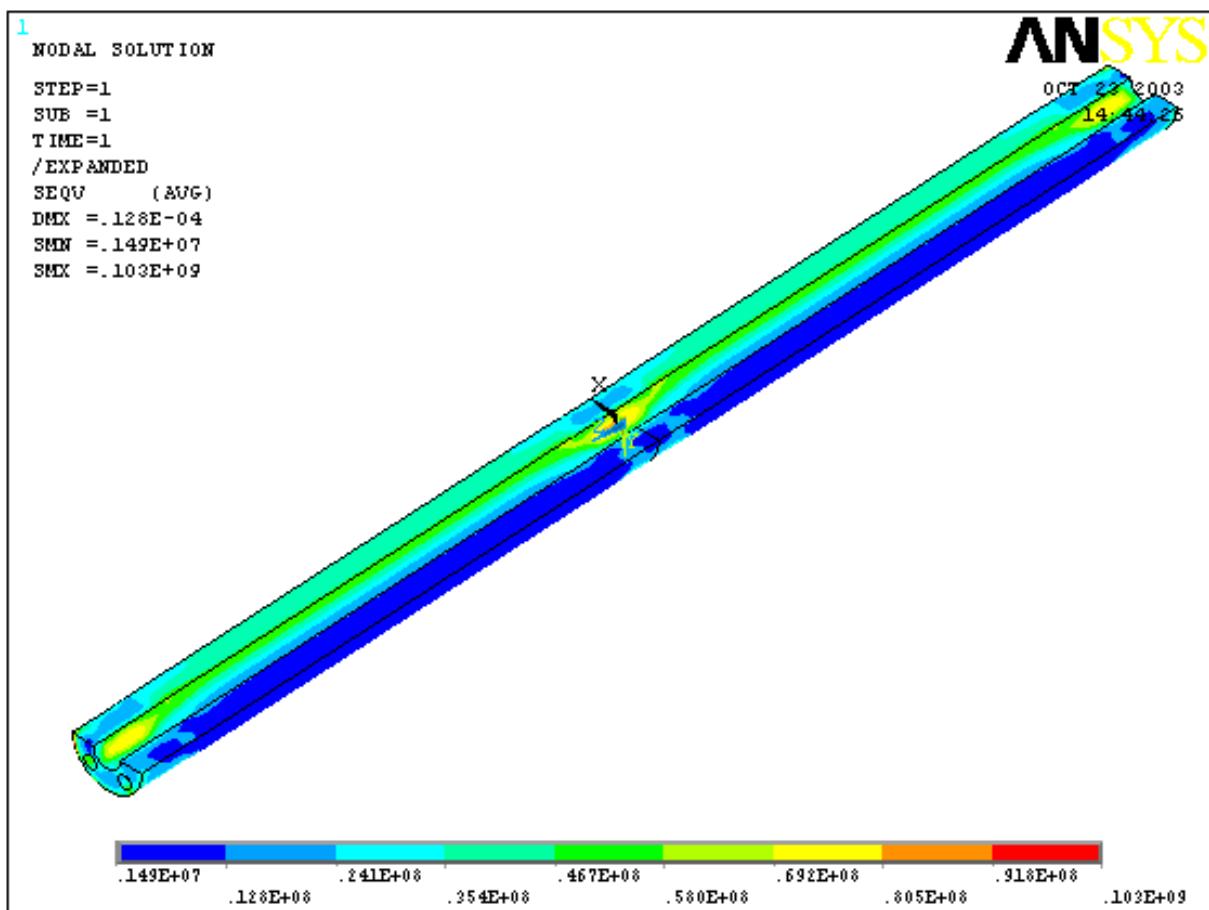


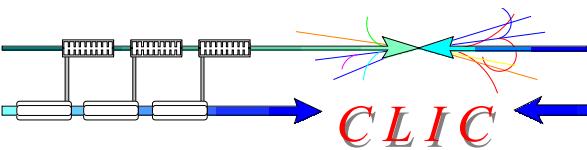
## Quick example of the supporting



Maximum displacement  
= 0.01 mm

Maximum stress in the  
structure = 103 MPa



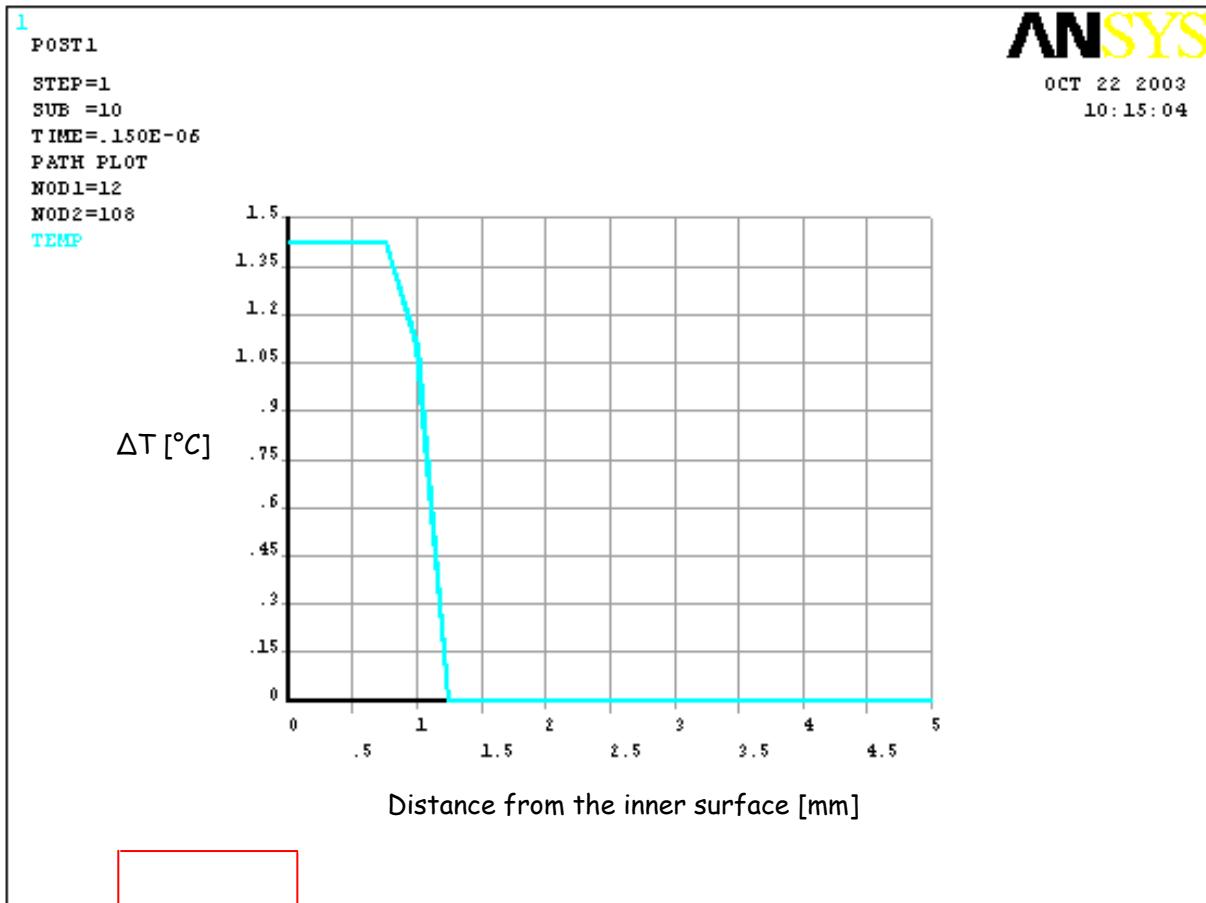
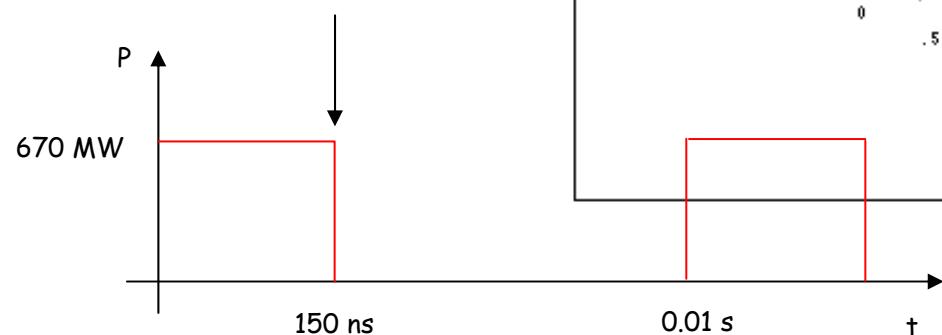


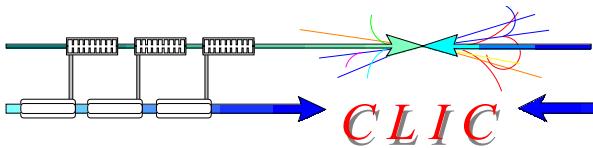
## Pulsed surface heating



10 kW average heat power converted to 150 ns pulses at 100 Hz: Peak power = 670 MW

Temperature profile after  
the 150 ns pulse.  $\Delta T = 1.4^\circ C$

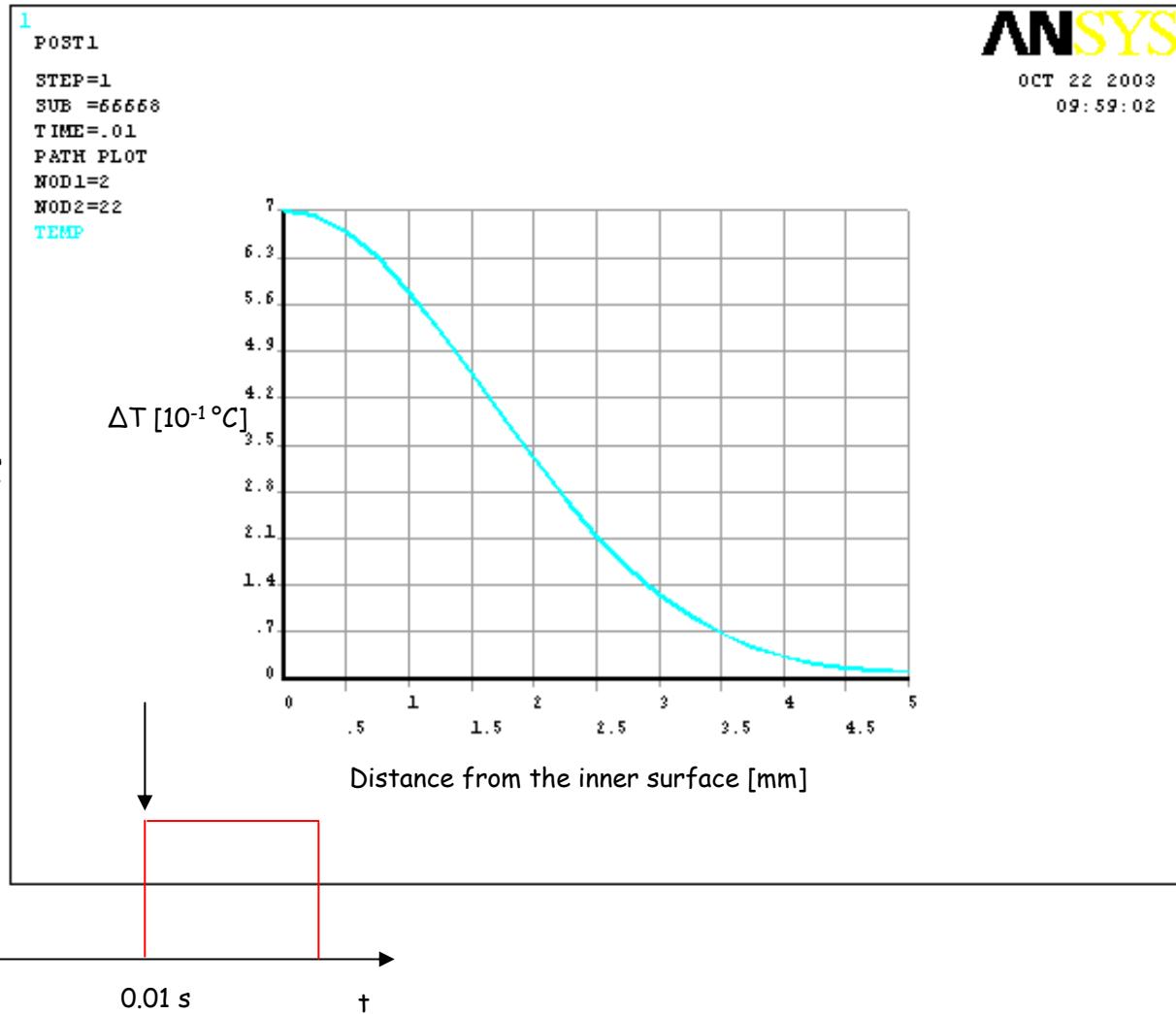


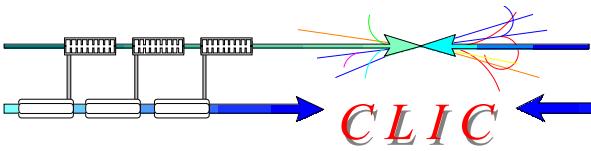


## Pulsed surface heating



10 kW average heat power converted to 150 ns pulses at 100 Hz: Peak power = 670 MW





## Conclusions



- With the initial parameters the situation doesn't look alarming.
- The results should be checked with refined parameters.