## The CLIC proposal for High Power testing in NLCTA

$>$ Built two short HDS-type structure to test at $X$-band one in Copper and one in Molybdenum
11 cells with the geometry of the last cell in HDS60
$>$ Test in NLCTA at the beginning of next year (February, March)
> Complement with 30 GHz structures at 30 GHz in CTF3 (April $\rightarrow$ )


## HDX-11 Parameters

SLAC Names: L11vg5SI16-Mo, L11vg5SI16-Cu

| $f(\mathrm{GHz})$ | 11.424 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $a / \lambda$ | 0.16 |
| $a(\mathrm{~mm})$ | 4.2 |
| $d$ (mm) | 1.445 |
| Q | 16000 |
| r/Q (Linac $\Omega / \mathrm{m})$ | 13000 |
| Vg/c (\%) | 5.1 |
| $\Delta \varphi($ deg), Ic (mm) | $60,4.374$ |
|  |  |
| For Eacc ( MV/m) first cell | 150 |
| $P(M W)$ | 370 |
| Es (MV/m) | 250 |
| $\Delta T(\mathrm{~K})$ | 6.9 |
| Eacc avg (MV/m) | $\sim 130$ |

## Scientific Motivation for the CLIC X-band proposal

- Test HDS geometry and technology at high power \{low phase advance, slotted iris, 4 quadrant design\}
- Test design optimization logic \{constrains: surface field and Power*sqrt(pulse length)\}
- Benchmark with well known NLC copper data
- Learn about material dependence (Cu vs Mo)
- Learn about frequency dependence
\{similar tests at 30 GHz in CFT3 in 2006\}
- Get more statistics

We are not aiming to demonstrate the CLIC structure or the CLIC gradient at X -band with these experiments!

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## Another way to look at it


red $=$ copper, green $=$ tungsten, blue $=$ molybdenum
Square $=30 \mathrm{GHz}$, Diamond $=$ Cern X-band, Circle $=$ SLAC X-band

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Power-sqrt(t)-limit: 30 GHz 3.5 mm , HDS60, NLC, W-X-band, X-HDS11

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