

Gun and Prebunchers Performances

R. Roux

In the name of the LAL Team

Design and features of the components



Conditioning



Operation with beam



conclusions

Thermionic gun provided by SLAC



LAL added :

- electronics low level
- HV components
- solenoids

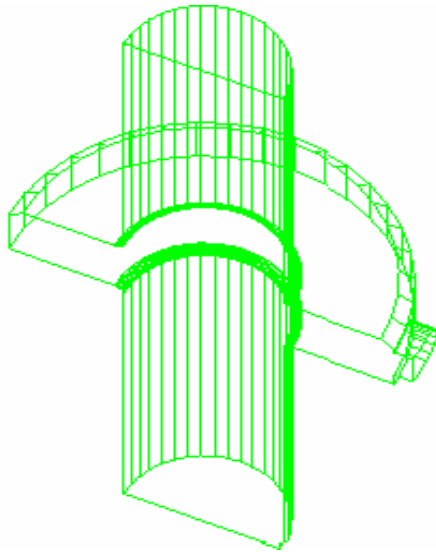
Parameters



Voltage (kV)	140
Current (A)	0.1 → 9
Stability (%)	1
Pulse width (μ s)	0.2 → 1.6
Rep. Freq (Hz)	5 → 100
Current modul. (MHz)	20

2 prebunchers built by the LAL
 $F_t = 2998.55 \text{ MHz}$

PB1 : in copper



Waveguide coupling, $\beta = 1$

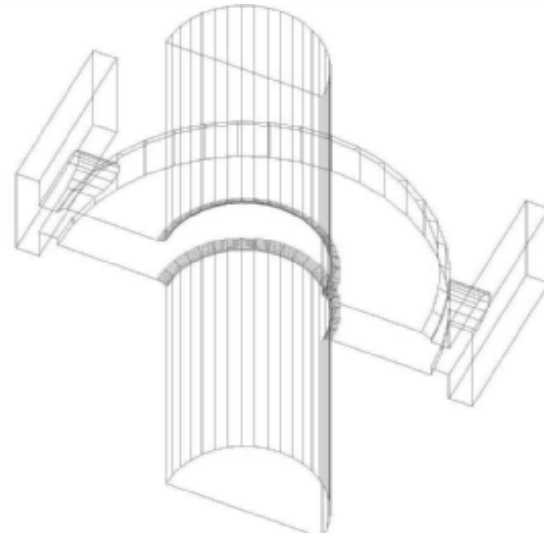
$R_s = 1.02 \text{ M}\Omega$

$Q = 10600$

F_r mechanically adjusted ($< 10 \text{ kHz}$)

$R = 0.46 \%$

PB2 : in stainless steel
to reduce the beamloading



HF input, $\beta = 4$ HF load, $\beta = 3$

$R_s = 140 \text{ k}\Omega$

Q lowered to 125 by external load

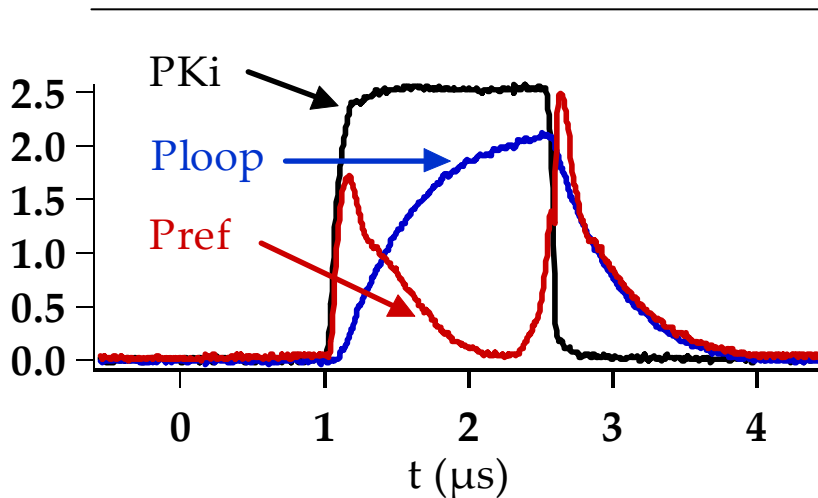
$R = 0.63 \%$

Gun conditioning

- HV increased easily up to 150 kV while monitoring vacuum
- Few problems:
 - HV power supply out of order (now problem is fixed)
 - trouble with the connector to the cathode (heating)
- Current up to 7 A at LAL
- Current up to 6 A at CERN

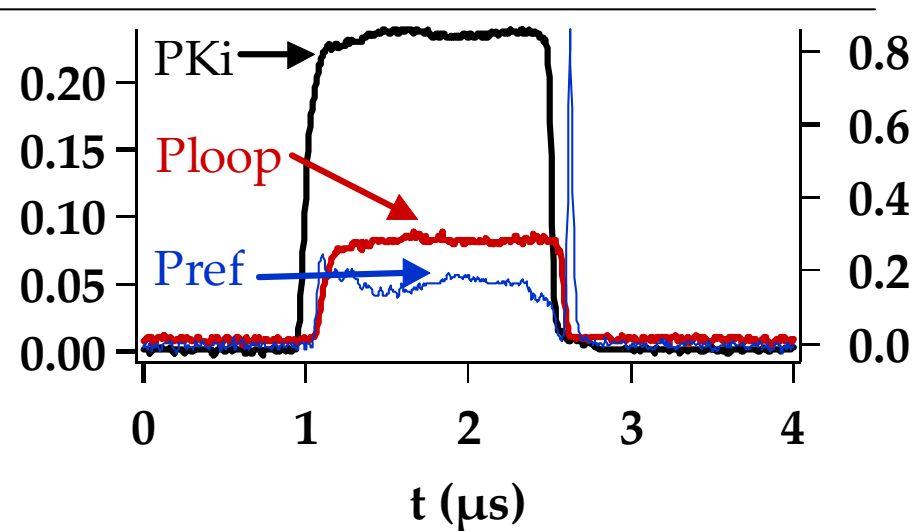
Conditioning without magnetic field

PB1



- ✓ Power up to 600 W easily
(while required power is 500 W)
- ✓ Low reflected power

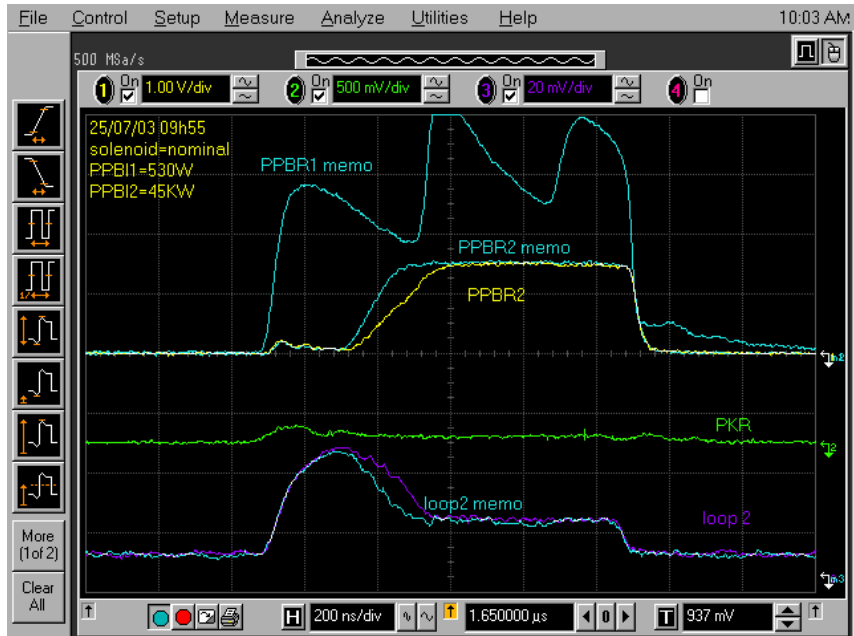
PB2



- ✓ Up to about 200 kW input power
without big problems (while only
100 kW are required)
- ✓ Big P_{ref} peak due to short $\tau_c = 13$ ns

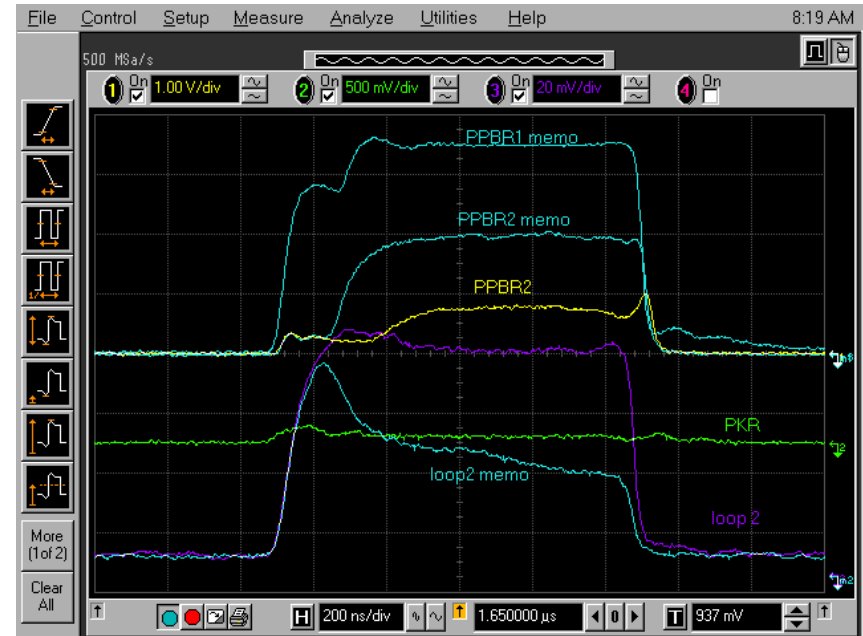
Conditioning with magnetic field

PB1



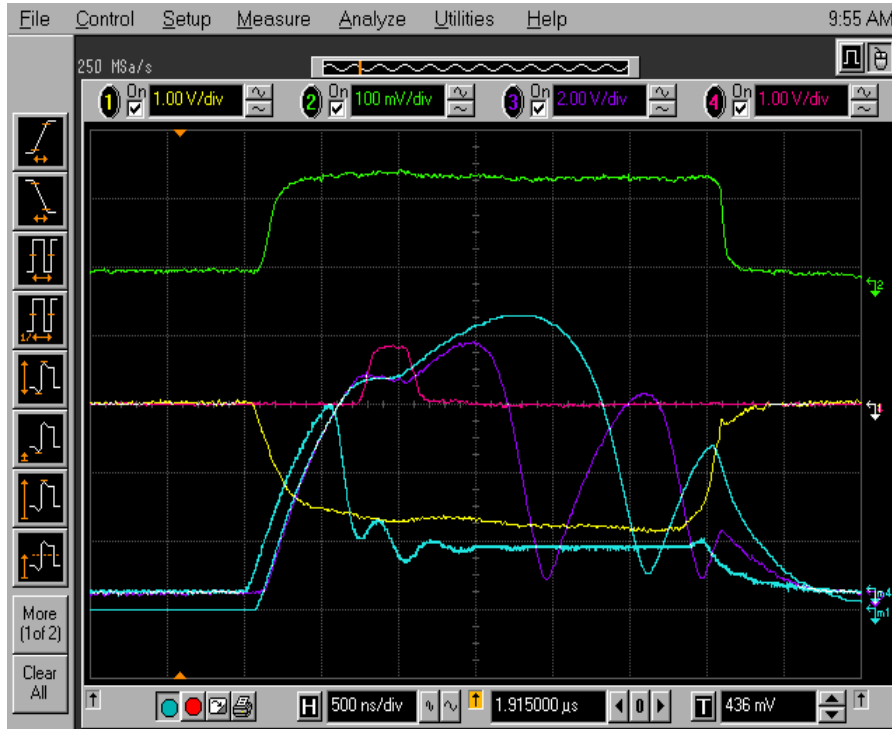
Multipacting!
No memory!

PB2



Normal conditioning

Beam operation



$I = 1.5 \text{ A}$

→ flatten the PB1 voltage



$I = 3.9 \text{ A}$ full loading
decrease the PB1 voltage



And multipactor is worse in presence of beam

Beamloading in PB1???

➡ It seems impossible as beam is cw

But it could be: $\frac{\Delta f}{f} = \frac{\Delta U}{U}$ Slater Theorem

Electron beam = plasma with $\epsilon_r = n^2 = 1 - \frac{\omega_p^2}{\omega^2}$

Simplified model: $\frac{\Delta U}{U} = (\epsilon_r - 1) \frac{\phi_{\text{beam}}}{\phi_{\text{cavity}}}$

$$\frac{\Delta f}{f} = (\epsilon_r - 1) \frac{R_b^2}{R_c^2}$$

For $I = 1 \text{ A}$, $\epsilon_r = 0.996$ ➡ $\Delta f = 180 \text{ kHz}$

Enough to produce
a big reflexion

Cure: low Q = wide bandwidth

CONCLUSION

- Electron gun is able to provide the required current
 - improvement: to modulate the triode to get 0.1% stability

- PB2 is OK

- PB1 shows relentless multipactor and “beamloading”
 - possible cures: better baking, titanium coating
 - Or build a new PB1 with a low Q!

But, is PB1 indispensable?